

SAFETY DATA SHEET Concentrated Toilet Fluid

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended. Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name Concentrated Toilet Fluid

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Toilet Cleaner. For professional users only.

Uses advised against No specific uses advised against are identified.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Blue Diamond Products

Unit 1 Brick Park, Bretfield Court,

Bretton Street Industrial Estate,

Dewsbury, WF12 9BY

+44 (0)1924 455 313 +44 (0)1924 450 551

mick@blue-diamond-products.co.uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone +44 (0)1924 455 313 (Mon-Fri, 9:00-5:00)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Not Classified

Health hazards Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 -

H319 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Muta. 2 - H341 Carc. 1B - H350 STOT SE 2 - H371 STOT SE 3 -

H335

Environmental hazards Not Classified

2.2. Label elements

Pictogram





Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements H302+H312+H332 Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.

H350 May cause cancer.

H371 May cause damage to organs.

Precautionary statements P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P301+P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Supplemental label information

RCH002a Restricted to professional users.

Detergent labelling

15 - < 30% disinfectants, < 5% perfumes

Contains Formaldehyde, Methanol

Supplementary precautionary

statements

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P308+P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

P321 Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label).

P330 Rinse mouth.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Formaldehyde 10 - <25%

CAS number: 50-00-0 EC number: 200-001-8 REACH registration number: 01-

2119488953-20-XXXX

This substance has specific concentration limits.

Classification

Acute Tox. 3 - H301 Acute Tox. 3 - H311 Acute Tox. 2 - H330

Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317

Muta. 2 - H341 Carc. 1B - H350 STOT SE 3 - H335

Methanol 5 - <10%

CAS number: 67-56-1 EC number: 200-659-6 REACH registration number: 01-

2119433307-44-XXXX

This substance has specific concentration limits.

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Acute Tox. 3 - H301

Acute Tox. 3 - H311 Acute Tox. 3 - H331

STOT SE 1 - H370

Bornan-2-one <0.025%

CAS number: 76-22-2 EC number: 200-945-0

Classification

Flam. Sol. 2 - H228

Acute Tox. 4 - H302

Acute Tox. 4 - H332

STOT SE 2 - H371

Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

personnel.

Inhalation Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. Get medical attention. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery

position and ensure breathing can take place.

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Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if

> the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Keep affected person under observation. Get medical attention.

Skin contact It is important to remove the substance from the skin immediately. Remove contamination

with soap and water or recognised skin cleansing agent. Get medical attention.

Eye contact Do not rub eye. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Rinse with water.

Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Protection of first aiders First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure. May cause cancer. Suspected of causing genetic defects. May cause

damage to organs.

Inhalation A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: May cause coughing and

difficulties in breathing. Headache. Exhaustion and weakness. May cause respiratory

irritation.

Ingestion May cause discomfort if swallowed. Stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting.

Skin contact May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Irritating to skin.

Eye contact Irritating to eyes. Redness.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor Treat symptomatically. May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-

extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.

Hazardous combustion

products

Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Toxic gases or vapours. Oxides of carbon. Oxides of nitrogen.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during

firefighting

Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapours, fumes and smoke. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions

Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Take care as floors and other surfaces may become slippery. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

Provide adequate ventilation. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Label the containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon as possible. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. For waste disposal, see Section 13. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions

Obtain special instructions before use. Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour/spray. The product contains a sensitising substance. Persons susceptible to allergic reactions should not handle this product. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimise spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Do not reuse empty containers.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Store locked up. Store in tightly-closed, original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated

place. Keep containers upright.

Storage class Toxic storage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Formaldehyde

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 2 ppm 2.5 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 2 ppm 2.5 mg/m³

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Methanol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 200 ppm 266 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 250 ppm 333 mg/m³ Sk

Bornan-2-one

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 2 ppm 13 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 3 ppm 19 mg/m³

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin.

Formaldehyde (CAS: 50-00-0)

DNEL Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 9 mg/m³

Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 0.375 mg/m³ Workers - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 0.75 mg/m³ Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 240 mg/kg/day

Workers - Dermal; Long term local effects: 37 µg/cm²

General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 3.2 mg/m³ General population - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 0.1 mg/m³ General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 102 mg/kg/day

General population - Dermal; Long term local effects: $12 \, \mu g/cm^2$ General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: $4.1 \, mg/kg/day$

PNEC Fresh water; 0.44 mg/l

Fresh water, Intermittent release; 4.44 mg/l

Marine water; 0.44 mg/l

STP; 0.19 mg/l

Sediment (Freshwater); 2.3 mg/kg Sediment (Marinewater); 2.3 mg/kg

Soil; 0.2 mg/kg

Methanol (CAS: 67-56-1)

DNEL Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects, local effects: 260 mg/m³

Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects, local effects: 260 mg/m3

Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 40 mg/kg/day Workers - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 40 mg/kg/day

General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects, local effects: 50 mg/m³ General population - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects, local effects: 50 mg/m³

General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 8 mg/kg/day General population - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 8 mg/kg/day General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 8 mg/kg/day General population - Oral; Short term systemic effects: 8 mg/kg/day

PNEC Fresh water; 20.8 mg/l

Fresh water, Intermittent release; 1540 mg/l

Marine water; 2.08 mg/l

STP; 100 mg/l

Sediment (Freshwater); 77 mg/kg Sediment (Marinewater); 7.7 mg/kg

Soil; 100 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment









Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation.

Eye/face protection

Avoid contact with eyes. Large Spillages: Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Wear chemical splash goggles. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166.

Hand protection

Wear protective gloves. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected.

Other skin and body protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of skin contact.

Hygiene measures

Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Respiratory protection

Provide adequate ventilation. Large Spillages: If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory

protection must be worn.

Environmental exposure controls

COHLOIS

Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Liquid.

Colour Blue.

Odour Pungent.

Odour threshold No information available.

pH pH (concentrated solution): 7-8

Melting point Not determined.

Initial boiling point and range Not determined.

Flash point Not determined.

Evaporation rate Not determined.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not relevant.

Upper/lower flammability or Not determined.

explosive limits

Vapour pressure Not determined.

Vapour density Not determined.

Relative density Not determined.

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Solubility(ies) Soluble in water.

Partition coefficient No information available.

Auto-ignition temperature Not determined.

Decomposition Temperature Not determined.

Viscosity Not determined.

Explosive properties Not considered to be explosive.

Oxidising properties Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.

9.2. Other information

Other information No information required.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity See the other subsections of this section for further details.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the

prescribed storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

May polymerise.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid excessive heat for prolonged periods of time.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Strong oxidising agents. Strong reducing agents. Acids.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

products

Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.

Oxides of carbon. Oxides of nitrogen.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Harmful if swallowed.

ATE oral (mg/kg) 508.46

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅o) Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 1,283.24

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Harmful if inhaled.

ATE inhalation (gases ppm) 2,599.37

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 53.9

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Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisationBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Skin Sens. 1 - H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Muta. 2 - H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Carc. 1B - H350 May cause cancer.

IARC carcinogenicity Contains a listed substance: IARC Group 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity -

development

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure STOT SE 2 - H371 May cause damage to organs .

STOT SE 3 - H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure.

Inhalation A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: May cause coughing and

difficulties in breathing. Headache. Exhaustion and weakness. May cause respiratory

irritation.

Ingestion May cause discomfort if swallowed. Stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting.

Skin contact May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Irritating to skin.

Eye contact Irritating to eyes. Redness.

Acute and chronic health

hazards

May cause cancer. Suspected of causing genetic defects. May cause damage to organs . Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

The liquid is irritating to eyes and skin.

Route of exposure Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

Target organs No specific target organs known.

Medical considerations Skin disorders and allergies.

Toxicological information on ingredients.

Concentrated Toilet Fluid

Formaldehyde

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Toxic if swallowed. Estimated value.

ATE oral (mg/kg) 100.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Toxic in contact with skin. Estimated value.

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 300.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ gases ppmV)

463.0

Species Rat

Notes (inhalation LC50) Fatal if inhaled. REACH dossier information.

ATE inhalation (gases

ppm)

463.0

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Dose: 1 mL, 20 hours, Rabbit Erythema/eschar score: Moderate to severe

erythema (3). Oedema score: Moderate oedema - raised approximately 1 mm (3).

REACH dossier information. Corrosive to skin.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye

Causes serious eye damage.

damage/irritation

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Mouse: Not sensitising. REACH dossier information.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Local Lymph Node Assay (LLNA) - Mouse: Sensitising. REACH dossier

information.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro DNA damage and/or repair: Positive. REACH dossier information. Suspected of

causing genetic defects.

Genotoxicity - in vivo DNA-protein cross-links (DPC): Positive. REACH dossier information. Suspected of

causing genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

IARC carcinogenicity IARC Group 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

NTP carcinogenicity Known human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

development

Developmental toxicity: - NOAEC: 10 ppm, Inhalation, Rat REACH dossier

information.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

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STOT - single exposure STOT SE 3 - H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Target organs Respiratory system, lungs

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure LOAEL 82 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Not anticipated to present an aspiration hazard, based on chemical structure.

Methanol

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) International Programme on Chemical Safety (IPCS) (1997) Environmental Health

Criteria 196: Methanol. Geneva, World Health Organization. Toxic if swallowed.

ATE oral (mg/kg) 300.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Converted acute toxicity point estimate (cATpE) Toxic in contact with skin.

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 300.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) Converted acute toxicity point estimate (cATpE) Toxic if inhaled.

ATE inhalation (vapours 3

mg/l)

3.0

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Dose: 2.5cm x 2.5cm, 20 hours, Rabbit Erythema/eschar score: No erythema (0).

Oedema score: No oedema (0). REACH dossier information. Not irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye

Dose: 0.05 ml, 24 hours, Rabbit REACH dossier information. Not irritating.

damage/irritation

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising. REACH dossier

information.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure STOT SE 1 - H370

Target organs Eyes Central nervous system

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have

hazardous effects on the environment.

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Formaldehyde

Acute aquatic toxicity

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Acute toxicity - fish LC50, 96 hours: 6.7 mg/l, Striped bass (Morone saxatilis)

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC₅₀, 48 hours: 5.8 mg/l, Daphnia pulex

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

EC₅₀, 72 hours: 3.48 mg/l, Scenedesmus subspicatus

Methanol

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 15400 mg/l, Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill)

EC₅₀, 96 hours: 12700 mg/l, Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill)

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC₅₀, 96 hours: 18260 mg/l, Daphnia magna

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

EC₅₀, 96 hours: ~ 22000 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - IC₅₀, 3 hours: >1000 mg/l, Activated sludge

microorganisms REACH dossier information.

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Chronic toxicity - fish early

life stage

NOEC, 200 hours: 7900 mg/l, Oryzias latipes (Red killifish)

Weight of evidence.

REACH dossier information.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The degradability of the product is not known.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Formaldehyde

Persistence and

degradability

The product is biodegradable.

Phototransformation Air - DT₅₀: 1.7 days

Calculation method.

Biodegradation Water - Degradation 99%: 28 days

The substance is readily biodegradable.

Methanol

Phototransformation Air - DT₅₀: 17.2 days

REACH dossier information.

Biodegradation Water - Degradation (95%): 20 days

Water - Degradation (91%): 15 days Water - Degradation (88%): 10 days Water - Degradation (76%): 5 days

REACH dossier information.

The substance is readily biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

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Partition coefficient No information available.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Formaldehyde

Bioaccumulative potential BCF: <1, Litopenaeus stylirostris (blue shrimp)

Partition coefficient log Pow: 0.35

Methanol

Bioaccumulative potential BCF: 4.5, Cyprinus carpio (Common carp)

Partition coefficient log Pow: -0.77 REACH dossier information.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility The product is water-soluble and may spread in water systems.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Formaldehyde

Mobility The product is soluble in water.

Adsorption/desorption

coefficient

Log Koc: 1.202 Calculation method.

Henry's law constant 0.034 Pa m³/mol @ 25°C

Surface tension 69.9 mN/m @ 25°C

Methanol

Mobilety Mobile.

Adsorption/desorption

coefficient

Soil - Koc: 0.13-0.61 @ 6°C

Henry's law constant 0.461 Pa m³/mol @ 25°C

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

assessment

Ecological information on ingredients.

Formaldehyde

Results of PBT and vPvB This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

assessment

Methanol

Results of PBT and vPvB This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle

products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product

residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

Disposal methodsDispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the

local Waste Disposal Authority.

SECTION 14: Transport information

General The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods

(IMDG, IATA, ADR/RID).

14.1. UN number

Not applicable.

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

No transport warning sign required.

14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended).

The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment

Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"].

EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

EU legislation Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18

December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of

Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as

amended).

Regulation (EC) No 648/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 March

2004 on detergents (as amended).

Restrictions (Title VIII Regulation 1907/2006)

Entry number: 28 (CAS No. 50-00-0) Restricted to professional users.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Road.

ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Inland Waterways.

RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Rail.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.

LC₅o: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.

LD₅o: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).

EC₅: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.

vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.

Classification abbreviations

and acronyms

Acute Tox. = Acute toxicity

Carc. = Carcinogenicity Eye Irrit. = Eye irritation

Muta. = Germ cell mutagenicity

Skin Irrit. = Skin irritation

Skin Sens. = Skin sensitisation

STOT SE = Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure

Classification procedures

according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008

Acute Tox. 4 - H312: Acute Tox. 4 - H332: Acute Tox. 4 - H302: STOT SE 2 - H371: STOT SE 3 - H335: Skin Irrit. 2 - H315: Eye Irrit. 2 - H319: Skin Sens. 1 - H317: Muta. 2 - H341: Carc.

1B - H350: : Calculation method.

Training advice Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations.

Revision comments Revised classification. Document revised.

Revision date 27/06/2018

Revision 2

Supersedes date 22/04/2015

SDS number 2926

Hazard statements in full H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H228 Flammable solid.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H330 Fatal if inhaled.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.

H350 May cause cancer.

H370 Causes damage to organs (Eyes, Central nervous system).

H371 May cause damage to organs .

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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